

Hall Ticket Number:

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Code No. : 22967

VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (AUTONOMOUS), HYDERABAD

Accredited by NAAC with A++ Grade

M.Tech. (C.S.E.) II-Semester Main Examinations, August-2023

Advanced Algorithms

Time: 3 hours

Note: Answer all questions from Part-A and any FIVE from Part-B

Max. Marks: 60

Part-A (10 × 2 = 20 Marks)

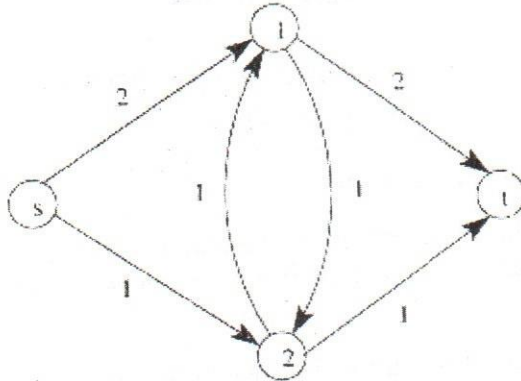
Q. No.	Stem of the question	M	L	CO	PO
1.	An input to quick sort algorithm consists of elements in increasing order. What is the time complexity of the algorithm for this set in O-notation?	2	2	1	1,2
2.	Give the order of vertices in which they are visited when the following graph is traversed using DFS algorithm considering A as a source vertex.	2	3	1	1,2
<pre> graph TD A --- B A --- C B --- D B --- F C --- F C --- G D --- H F --- H G --- H </pre>					
3.	Consider the graph G shown below. Identify the independent sets from the following sets. {1,2}, {1,2,3}, {1,3}, {2,3}, {2,3,4}, {2,4}	2	3	2	1,2,3
<pre> graph TD 1 --- 2 2 --- 3 3 --- 4 4 --- 1 </pre>					
4.	Identify an augmenting path in the following graph with respect to the graph matching $M = \{(E,F), (C,D)\}$. Enhance the cardinality of the graph matching M by using the augmenting path.	2	3	2	1,2,3
<pre> graph TD A --- F A --- B F --- E F --- G B --- G B --- C E --- D G --- D C --- D </pre>					

5. What is the time complexity of Strassen's Matrix Multiplication algorithm?

2 1 3 1,2

6. What is the maximum flow in the following flow network?

2 2 3 1,2,3



7. Which algorithm design strategy is used to solve all pairs shortest paths problem?

2 1 4 1,2

8. Represent the following polynomial using sparse representation.

2 2 4 1,2

$$A = x^{250} + 8x^{23}$$

9. Draw a Venn diagram giving the relationship between the P, NP, NP hard and NP complete classes of problems.

2 1 5 1,2,3

10. Give the list of types of randomized algorithms.

2 1 5 1,2

Part-B (5×8 = 40 Marks)

11. a) Write and explain a quick sort algorithm.

4 2 1 1,2

b) Sort the following set of numbers using quick sort algorithm. Show the order of elements after each step of the algorithm.

4 3 1 1,2,3

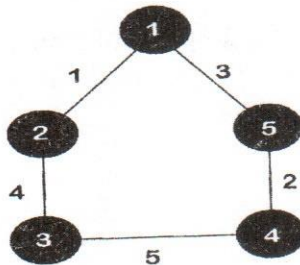
320, 15, 212, 130, 5, 100, 338, 40, 455, 600

12. a) Design an Algorithm to find Maximum weight maximal independent set.

4 3 2 1,2,3

b) Construct a Minimum Spanning Tree for the following graph using Kruskal algorithm.

4 3 2 1,2,3



13. a) Obtain LUP decomposition for the following 4x4 matrix A.
 $A = \{ \{2,3,1,5\}, \{6,13,5,19\}, \{2,19,10,23\}, \{4,10,11,31\} \}$

4 3 3 1,2,3

b) Explain Ford-Fulkerson method to compute maximum flow in a given graph.

4 2 3 1,2

14. a)	What is Optimal Binary Search Tree? Draw all possible binary search trees for the identifier set {do, if, while}.	4	2	4	1,2
b)	Given the following data, construct an Optimal Binary Search Tree. N=4, P=(3,3,2,1), Q=(2,1,3,1,2).	4	3	4	1,2,3
15. a)	What is randomized algorithm? Explain Las Vegas and Monte-Carlo classes of algorithms.	4	2	5	1,2,3
b)	Write and explain a randomized search algorithm	4	3	5	1,2,
16. a)	Give the list of various sorting algorithms and their time complexities	4	1	1	1,2
b)	Explain Greedy algorithm design strategy.	4	1	2	1,2
17.	Answer any <i>two</i> of the following:				
a)	Explain Edmond Karp maximum flow algorithm.	4	2	3	1,2
b)	Obtain a unique 2-tuple for each number in the range 0 to p-1 where p = p1 x p2 (p1=3 and p2=4).	4	3	4	1,2,3
c)	Explain approximation algorithms.	4	2	5	1,2

M : Marks; L: Bloom's Taxonomy Level; CO; Course Outcome; PO: Programme Outcome

i)	Blooms Taxonomy Level - 1	20%
ii)	Blooms Taxonomy Level - 2	37.5%
iii)	Blooms Taxonomy Level - 3 & 4	42.5%
